

$$\begin{aligned}
 c) \quad P(180 < T < 240) &= P\left(\frac{180-200}{20} < Z < \frac{240-200}{20}\right) = P(-1 < Z < 2) = \Phi(2) + \Phi(-1) = \\
 &= 0,9443 + 0,2420 = 0,8186
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 d) \quad P\left(\frac{210-200}{20} < T < \frac{250-200}{20}\right) &= P(1 < Z < 2,5) = \Phi(2,5) - \Phi(1) = \\
 &= 0,9443 + 0,2420 = 0,8186
 \end{aligned}$$

$$P(X = 90) = \binom{100}{90} (0,2)^{90} (0,8)^{10}$$

$$\begin{array}{l}
 2 \text{ B} \\
 8 \text{ G} \\
 \hline
 p = 0,2 \\
 q = 0,8
 \end{array}$$

CTG (Gemeinsame Verteilung)

1. Tw. Normalverteilung

2. Tw. Laplace

$$\begin{array}{l}
 \mu = E(X) = np \\
 \sigma^2 = \text{Var}(X) = npq \\
 \sigma = \sqrt{npq}
 \end{array}$$

also by reasoning $X \sim N(\mu, \sigma^2)$